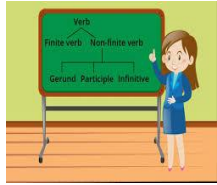




INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: NOVEMBER-2025
WORKSHEET NO.20	Topic: FINITE & NON-FINITE VERBS (GRAMMAR)	Note: NOTEBOOK



✓ Verbs can be divided into
Finite Verbs and Non-Finite Verbs.

✓ A **finite verb** is a verb that shows **tense** (past, present, or future), **number** (singular/plural), and **person** (first, second, or third). It **agrees with the subject** of the sentence and acts as the **main verb**.

• **Examples:**

- *She **works** hard.* (present tense, third person singular)
- ✓ They **played** football. (past tense, third person plural)
- ✓ A sentence **must** have a finite verb to be complete.

✓ **Non-Finite Verbs**

A **non-finite verb** does **not show tense**, person, or number. It does **not act as the main verb**, and it cannot stand alone as the main verb in a sentence.

There are three kinds of Non-Finite Verbs:

1. **Infinitive:** Base form of the verb, often preceded by "to" to + base form (e.g., to dance)
Example: She loves **to dance**.

2. **Gerund:** Verb ending in ‘-ing’, acting as a noun. It is also known as Verbal Noun.
base form + -ing used as a noun (e.g., swimming)
Example: **Swimming** is my favorite activity.

3. **Participle:** Verb acting as an adjective or part of a verb phrase.
present participle (-ing) or past participle (-ed/-en)

(There are three kinds of Participles namely, Present Participle, Past Participle and Perfect Participle.)

❖ **Present Participle** describes an ongoing, incomplete action and is formed by adding ‘-ing’ to the base form of a verb.

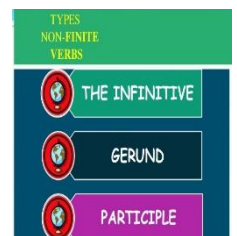
Example: The **burning** candle lit the room.

❖ **Past Participle** describes a finished, completed action and is formed by adding ‘-d’, ‘-ed’, ‘-t’, ‘-n’ or ‘-en’ to the base form of a verb.

Example: When **asked**, the little girl had no answer for the question.

❖ **Perfect Participle** denotes the completion of an action in the past. It is formed by adding ‘**having**’ before the past participle form.

Example: **Having finished** his homework, Judie went out to play.



Ex.1 Identify the finite and non-finite verbs in the following sentences:

1. I had sandwich for breakfast yesterday.
2. They brought us some bakery items.
3. She enjoys swimming in the pool.
4. They are planning to visit the museum next week.
5. He runs every morning.
6. Baked by the chef, the cake was delicious.
7. We decided to go to the park today.
8. I saw him running across the street.
9. The flowers bloom in the spring.
10. Having finished his homework, he went out to play.



Ex.2. Underline the finite verb and circle () the non-finite verbs.

1. She tried to open the door quietly.
2. The baby is sleeping peacefully.
3. He forgot to bring his notebook.
4. They kept talking during the entire movie.
5. We need to finish the project by Friday.
6. She wants to learn Spanish.
7. I am going to the market.
8. He likes playing football.
9. They decided to travel early.
10. She was invited to the party.